

HANNA WILL BE AT THAT DINNER.

His Followers Expect a Grand Coup, but in Canton His Humiliation Is Looked for.

Invitation Kept a Secret from Bushnell—Meanwhile Many Legislators Have Been "Interviewed."

Chairman Hopes to Coerce the Governor, but His Foes Are Warning Lawmakers That to Favor Hanna Will Arouse Suspicion.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 19.—Mark Hanna has gone after Sherman's seat in the Senate with aggression and audacity. He has been after it for months, but McKimley has known and encouraged the ambition of his manager.

Hanna has now sent word that he will attend the social session of the Ohio Legislature which will be held here on Friday night. The announcement of this bold move came as a sensational surprise. According to a man who saw Governor Bushnell in New York yesterday the latter was secretly chuckling over his belief that he would be the star attraction at the coming banquet. As the toastmaster, Bushnell expected to negotiate himself with legislators and to receive an "impromptu ovation" carefully prepared beforehand, which would announce him as the popular choice for Senator.

Someone told Bushnell in New York that Hanna might be there to divide honors and demonstrate his pull among patronage applicants. "Oh, no!" rejoined Bushnell. "Hanna is not even invited."

Hanna has an "invite."

Also for Bushnell's best friend of conquest! Hanna was invited January 6. The invitation, which was kept secret for obvious and prudent reasons, was sent by Representative Joseph Blackburn, of Bolivar, who is chairman of the Legislative Committee on Invitation. Blackburn was elected Food Commissioner of Ohio last November, and diplomatically claims to be friendly with both factions.

He secretly invited McKimley, Foraker, Hanna and many other eminent Ohio leaders. Declarations were received from McKimley and Foraker, but Mark Hanna did not respond for several days. Not until he had steered John Sherman into McKimley's Cabinet, and not until Hanna had learned that Foraker would be absent, did he telegraph Blackburn that he would be on hand along with his chief lieutenant, Charley Dick. This telegram of acceptance was sent only yesterday. Blackburn is brave, but he will have to stand a big lot of abuse from now on. The Foraker-Bushnell element will not forgive the intrusion of Hanna on this banquet, which was designed as a delightful approbation meeting for Bushnell.

But Hanna had other reasons for holding back his acceptance. He has a surprise in store for Bushnell. Since the enthusiastic election of Foraker to the Senate a year ago this Legislature was conceded to be the latter's personal property, with Bushnell as a silent partner. That impression prevailed in Ohio and abroad, and it is hard not to believe it now, but the developments of this Senatorial scramble tend to disprove the idea.

Hanna has talked business.

Hanna has been conspiring to capture it at any cost. Foraker was a poor man, and was elected by sheer force of personal popularity and brainy bigness. Hanna is a rich man, and does not expect a Senatorial seat for such qualifications. He believes in money as all powerful. So for weeks he has been talking business with members of the present Assembly. They have been going to Cleveland singly and in twos, and they have kept their visits secret.

A close Hanna adherent said tonight that Hanna has in three weeks carefully "interviewed" enough members of the Legislature to insure his election in case of an extra session. Hence it is no wonder that he defied Foraker and Bushnell at Cleveland last Saturday. Hanna, it was added, has made a most remarkable canvass of the State in a short time. He did it before he forced John Sherman out of the Senate and railroaded him into McKimley's Cabinet.

Men like Sherman's old partner, Henry Hedges, were visited by Hanna's agents. They scared him with the story that Sherman would be beaten and humiliated if he stood for the Senate again. Hedges hurried to Washington and beseeched Sherman not to close his career in defeat. Then Hanna "saw" some of Sherman's Ohio advisers, and sent them to Sherman with the same doleful tale. Sherman did not see through the scheme and gave up his Senate seat.

Plan to Coerce Bushnell.

Bushnell in New York suggested that it would be a good time for Senatorial candidates to count noses while the legislators are here. Hanna accepted the challenge, and tonight it looks as if Hanna could get the Assembly over Bushnell if it came to a fight. Hanna wants to prove this on Friday night and thus coerce Bushnell into appointing him and save the expense of an extra session.

Interviews in local papers among business Republicans indicate some strength for Hanna, but the opposition says he can neither be appointed nor elected. Those who want Hanna suggest that Bushnell give the appointment to some friend of McKimley who would not figure dangerously as a candidate for the full term. Ex-Governor Foster has been mentioned, so has Judge John H. Doyle, a Toledo lawyer of renown.

There is intense opposition to an extra session. Politicians don't want it, especially those who are candidates this year. They claim it would mean disaster to the party in the next election.

Anti-Hanna Men Active.

Tonight it develops that the anti-Hanna men have not been idle. Their vigilant emissaries have also been at work among members. Since Saturday there has been a rush of politicians to the homes of rural

legislators, and every effort is being made to work up sentiment against Hanna. Members are warned that to express an opinion in his favor means that they will be suspected of being victims to Hanna's peculiar allurements. The claim is openly made that Hanna intends to buy his way to the Senate for the full term, and that there will be a debauchery of Ohio politics which will discount the famous Payne and Rice elections, which have been Republican texts for years.

The return of Governor Bushnell from New York is anxiously awaited. Those who know him best predict that recent belligerent and arrogant claims of Hanna's friends will make Bushnell stubborn. He will not be bulldozed, nor is he looking for the kind of harmony that Hanna proposes, for such harmony would let Hanna own everything in Ohio.

HANNA MAY EAT CROW.

Expects the Columbus Banquet to Be an Ovation, but His Humiliation Is Looked For.

By Julius Chambers.

Canton, O., Jan. 19.—The much-heralded legislative dinner at Columbus on Friday will probably prove to be a humiliation to Mark A. Hanna. That is the way it looks to observers here. Hanna has accepted an invitation to be present, after declining to participate in several other events of more important character, and has regarded it as the auspicious occasion on which to formally hear, or personally make, an announcement of his candidacy for the United States Senate.

He is going with the expectation of hearing the banquet hall ring with cheers every time his name is mentioned. In brief, the event is expected to be an ovation to him. But his hopes are likely to be disappointed. The chances are that he will eat crow and will leave the feast a crestfallen man.

The plan as outlined by a Foraker leader who was in Canton a few hours to-day is to turn the tables upon Hanna and in his presence start a boom for James H. Hoyt, of Cleveland, for Governor, and Bushnell for Senator. The naming of Hoyt, who is known as "the Chaney Depey of Ohio," is an adroit move against Hanna, because it will dispose of the claim that the northern part of the State deserves recognition. Hoyt is a staunch McKimley supporter, and is equally popular with the Foraker faction, but he hates Hanna with a fervor that is potent for disaster to the chairman's ambition.

He was a candidate for Governor before the Zanesville convention and took his defeat gallantly. He was desirous of going to St. Louis as a delegate and was surprised to find that Hanna would not consent. Since that hour he has been after the scalp of the national chairman. When Governor Bushnell went to New York, Hoyt found it convenient to be there also, and the plan of campaign was readily mapped out. Hoyt is one of the best public speakers in the country. Highly polished in his manners and thoroughly educated, the comparison with plain "Uncle Mark" Hanna will be so much to the disadvantage of the latter that he will regret his aspirations.

Sensor-elect Foraker will not attend the banquet, but "will be there in spirit," as the exhorters say at the camp meetings. The event is usually without any importance, and the dinner is rarely attended by any large number of legislators. On this occasion, however, the representation of every part of Ohio is assured.

Opposition to Hanna has existed all along in Cleveland, but fidelity to McKimley has kept it out of sight. Now so prominent a Republican as Hoyt is willing to lead plenty of politicians who will declare themselves. The Cuyahoga delegation to the Legislature will not be solid for Mark Hanna.

BUSHNELL IN NO HURRY.

Ohio's Governor Says He Has Not Yet Made Up His Mind in the Matter of Senatorial Succession.

Governor Asa S. Bushnell, of Ohio, who is a guest at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, states that he has not decided yet whom he will appoint United States Senator from Ohio to succeed John Sherman, who will resign to accept a position in McKimley's Cabinet.

"Murat Halstead misunderstood me or else his stenographer made an error in taking down his dictation," he said last evening, "when he wrote that I had decided on appointing Mark Hanna. Mr. Sherman has not yet tendered his resignation, and I do not know that he has decided to do so. The occasion to appoint a successor to Mr. Sherman has not arisen yet. If Mr. Sherman had resigned there would be no necessity to announce his successor for a month yet, and it would scarcely be contrary to the press of Ohio for me to make the announcement away from home."

May Not Appoint.

"Again, I may not make the appointment at all. I have the power to call an extra session of the Legislature, and may do so for the purpose of selecting a United States Senator. The Constitution of Ohio empowers the Governor to appoint a Senator to fill a vacancy only until the next session of the Legislature. Now, if I should make an appointment the term of office would only be nine months, for our Legislature meets the first of next year, and it would take action."

"When Mr. Sherman tenders his resignation I will consult the leaders of my party and they will be covered to some extent by their wishes."



THE DEMOCRATIC HEN AND HER UGLY DUCKLINGS.

ONE DOZEN NEW SENATORS.

Legislatures in Many States Ratify Caucus Agreements.

FORMAL VOTE FOR PLATT.

Senate Gives Him 35, Hill 11, and Henry George Gets 2.

ASSEMBLY MAJORITY BIG, TOO.

Among the Other Winners Are Penrose, Pa.; Fairbanks, Ind., and Kenney, Del.—Mason to Get Palmer's Seat.

NEW U. S. SENATORS CHOSEN.

Thomas Collier Platt (Rep.), New York.
Boies Penrose (Rep.), Pennsylvania.
Charles W. Fairbanks (Rep.), Indiana.
James K. Jones (Dem.), Arkansas.
Henry M. Teller (Free Silver), Colorado.
Jacob H. Gallinger (Rep.), New Hampshire.
Jeter C. Pritchard (Rep.-Pop.), North Carolina.
R. R. Kenney (Dem.), Delaware.
George G. Vest (Dem.), Missouri.
H. C. Hansbrough (Rep.), North Dakota.
Orville H. Platt (Rep.), Connecticut.
William E. Mason (Rep. in caucus), Illinois.

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Reason for George Votes.

The vote in both Senate and Assembly has led to much gossip. Singularly enough Democratic portions of Brooklyn and the northern end of Greater New York agree on party policy in this instance, and there is the possibility that they may agree when the subject of the Majority of Greater New York is discussed by the Democrats.

One of the four votes polled for Henry George was cast by Senator Guy, of the Annexed District, Mr. Purroy's bailiwick; the second by Senator Coffey, who refused to take orders from Hugh McLaughlin in this instance; the third by Assemblyman Cain, a protégé of Coffey, and the fourth by Assemblyman Zurn, who is antagonistic to the McLaughlin regime. There would have been two more votes for Mr. George had Senator McNulty and Assemblyman Lennen been present.

While there is no doubt that Senator Guy suggested Henry George for the purpose of generally pleasing the labor element in New York, there was a deeper motive. Mr. Purroy is anxious to build up his organization, which he has called the Home Rule Democracy, and purposes to have as strong a show of hands as possible next Fall. In case the Greater New York charter passes this session, Mr. Purroy would like to form a coalition with the disgruntled Democrats of Kings County, and with this nucleus of an organization, should be able to secure the support of the labor element by the nomination of Henry



George, the Home Rule Democracy would be in a position to do some damage.

Both Senate and Assembly, after disposing of the Senatorial nomination, balanced for a Regent of the University with the following results: Senate—Chester S. Lord, 35; Henry P. O'Neill, 13. Assembly—Lord, 112; O'Neill, 33.

KEYSTONE STATE CHOOSES PENROSE.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 19.—The galleries were crowded at 3 o'clock this afternoon when the Senate met to cast its vote for a successor to United States Senator Cameron. Boies Penrose received the votes of the forty-two Republicans present and Chauncey F. Black the votes of the six Democrats. The House also met at 3 o'clock. Penrose received 168 votes, Black 33, and ex-Postmaster-General John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, one vote. Both bodies will meet in joint session at noon to-morrow to conclude the election of Boies Penrose.

FAIRBANKS GETS THE PRIZE.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 19.—In the House and Senate to-day U. S. Fair-

banks was elected United States Senator. D. W. Voorhees was put in nomination by the Democrats. Leroy Templeton by the Populists, and Fairbanks by the Republicans. In the House Fairbanks was severely arraigned by the Democrats, who called him a millionaire representative of corporations. The House and Senate will meet in joint session to-morrow, and take the final step in electing Fairbanks.

ARKANSAS RETAINS JAMES K. JONES.

Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 19.—The Senate and House balloted separately at noon to-day for United States Senator, with the result that Senator James K. Jones was re-elected by an overwhelming majority. The ten Populists cast their votes for J. R. Sovereign and the three Republicans for General Powell Clayton. The joint session will meet at noon to-morrow and elect Senator Jones.

ALMOST UNANIMOUS FOR TELLER.

Denver, Col., Jan. 19.—Senator Henry M. Teller was to-day re-elected United States Senator in both houses of the general assembly, the vote being non-partisan and almost unanimous, the total of the two houses being 94 for Teller and 3 for Judge Allen, McKinleyite. The joint session will be held to-morrow, when it is thought but two votes, if any, will be cast in opposition to Senator Teller's re-election.

ANOTHER TERM FOR GALLINGER.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 19.—Each branch of the Legislature took a viva voce vote

to-day for United States Senator for six years beginning March 4, 1897. In the Senate the vote stood as follows: Jacob H. Gallinger, of Concord, 21; Hosea W. Parker, of Claremont, 2. The vote in the House resulted as follows: Gallinger, 267; Parker, 53. Both branches will meet in joint convention at noon to-morrow to compare journals and make a final declaration of the vote.

PRITCHARD BARELY PULLS THROUGH.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 19.—The balloting for Senator to-day resulted as follows: In the Senate—Pritchard (Rep.), 24; Thompson (Pop.), 18; Daughton (Dem.), 7. In the House—Pritchard, 62; Thompson, 24; Daughton, 27; total, Pritchard, 86; Thompson, 42; Daughton, 31. Pritchard's vote is exactly a majority of both branches of the Legislature, the membership being 170. One member of the Senate and seven of the House were absent or not voting. To-morrow at noon the Legislature will meet in joint session to ballot for Senator, when, if the vote is cast as it was to-day, Pritchard will be elected.

KENNEY CHOSEN IN DELAWARE.

Dover, Del., Jan. 19.—The two branches of the Legislature this morning voted separately for United States Senator, and Richard R. Kenney, the selection of last night's Democratic caucus, received all the votes cast. The two branches will vote in joint session to-morrow. Kenney is a free silver man. The four Republicans in the Senate and the one Republican in the House refused to vote, contending that Dupont is entitled to the seat. Dupont was chosen by the Legislature last year, but the United States Senate decided that his election was irregular and illegal, and refused to admit him to a seat. The "rump" House this morning voted for J. Edward Addicks for United States Senator, but the "rump" Senate did not meet. They will vote in joint session to-morrow.

VEST GETS MISSOURI'S VOTE.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 19.—Both houses voted separately for United States Senator to-day. The ballot resulted as follows: In the House—Vest (Dem.), 85; Kerens (Rep.), 34; Jones (Pop.), 4. In the Senate—Vest, 19; Kerens, 14. To-morrow both houses will meet in joint session and re-elect Senator Vest.

SENATOR HANSBROUGH RE-ELECTED.

Bismarck, N. D., Jan. 19.—H. C. Hansbrough (Rep.) was to-day re-elected United States Senator by a total of 68 to 25 for W. A. Bentley (Pop.).

PLATT WINS IN CONNECTICUT.

Hartford, Conn., Jan. 19.—Both houses of the General Assembly by separate action to-day elected Orville H. Platt, of Meriden, United States Senator to succeed himself for six years from March 4, 1897. The vote in the Senate was unanimous—24. In the House the vote was 136 to 24 for Joseph S. Sargent (Dem.), of New Haven. Both houses will meet at noon to-morrow in joint convention and ratify the election.

MASON GETS THE CAUCUS PRIZE.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 19.—Ex-Congressman William E. Mason, of Chicago, will succeed John M. Palmer in the United States Senate. He was nominated by acclamation this evening, and at the proper time will be formally elected by the Assembly. The machine had refused to follow Mason, but induced Congressman William L. Lorimer. At a conference of Cook County men last night it was decided, however, that Lorimer's support were wavering. At another caucus of the same men held this afternoon Lorimer was withdrawn, and the machine pledged its support to Mason. When it was moved at the general caucus to-night, therefore, to nominate Mason by acclamation, the proposition was carried with a shout.

WHEELING & L. E. REORGANIZATION.

Louis Fitzgerald, chairman, W. L. Bull, of Edwards Sweet & Co., and Duncan D. Farley, of Maynard & Farley, inform holders of first mortgage 5 per cent bonds (secured by deed of trust dated July 1, 1895), consolidated mortgage 4 per cent bonds, preferred stock and common stock of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway Company, and the holders of the first mortgage bonds and stock of the Wheeling, Lake Erie & Pittsburgh Coal Company, that, in view of the recent reorganization of these companies, and at the request of a large number of holders of the securities mentioned, they have consented to act as a committee to protect the interests of the holders of the same, for which purpose they will prepare and submit a plan of reorganization when needed. All holders of securities are requested to send their names and addresses to the committee at the Mercantile Trust Company, stating the amount and character of their holdings, in response to which matters of interest will be communicated to them.

Reverent to a Duty.

They further say that it was the duty of every Democrat to maintain the organization in this State in order that it might be prepared for future conflicts. The open support given by the opponents of Mr. Bryan to the principles in the St. Louis platform, it is charged, has weakened the cause of Democracy throughout the State, and the former leaders of the party have become discredited.

Croker, McLaughlin and Hill will find it a difficult task to restore harmony in the face of the opposition that exists among leaders of the Tammany Hall Democracy, who are not in sympathy with the men at present in control of the organization in the State and city.

Senator McNulty's plain talk on Monday night, in which he bitterly condemned Senator Hill and blamed him for the position of the Democracy at the present time, was also the cause of much comment yesterday.

Purroy has declined all overtures of peace made by the leaders of the party, many of whom are his personal friends, and will go ahead with the work of organizing the Tammany House Rule Organization. He said last night, regarding the four votes cast in the Legislature for Henry George for the United States Senate:

"Ever since the last campaign a great many loyal Democrats have felt that it would be radically wrong for my representatives to vote for Hill's re-election as Senator, owing to the course which he then took. When Tammany Hall determined to give Hill their votes in the Legislature, Senator Guy and those of his colleagues who agreed with him undoubtedly concluded that the best man for them to support was Henry George, who, in his vigorous and logical letters in support of William J. Bryan for President, and in his speeches and effective campaign work, did, perhaps, more than any other citizen to solidify and array organized labor on the side of the regular Democracy of this city last November."

"When Tammany voted to-day for Senator Hill it recorded itself as being in favor of the man whom, I believe, did most to defeat Bryan, but also the man who two years ago at a banquet given by the Democratic Club of this city denounced inathing terms the rule of New York from the rusticks of Europe."

Aldermen Vote Themselves Badges.

The Aldermen yesterday voted to accept the design of an official badge, which had been prepared by a Maiden Lane jeweler. It is oblong in shape. An eagle spreads its wings over the upper edge, a plate for the number of the alderman's district is at the base. In the center is the city coat of arms.

When the matter was put to a vote, German Rentschler said he did not expend his cost in a supper for a deserving family. He voted "No."

TAMMANY'S SHIP STRANDS ON HILL.

Refusal of Legislators to Vote for Him Shows the Feeling.

HARD TASK FOR LEADERS.

Efforts of Croker and Others to Restore Harmony in the Ranks Bear Little Fruit.

PURROY ON THE OFFENSIVE.

Declares the Vote Cast for Henry George Clearly Indicates the Desire of Many Braves to Taboo the Elmira Man.

The refusal of Senators Guy and Coffey and Assemblymen Cain and Zurn to vote for David B. Hill yesterday did not create any great surprise among the politicians in this city. It, however, indicated that there will be a strong opposition to the present programme of the recognized leaders of the Democracy to restore harmony in the party. It has been known for some time that Richard Croker and Hugh McLaughlin were doing all in their power to bring the faction together. There have been several conferences already, and both men have agreed to make certain concessions to those who refused to support Bryan in the last campaign.

It is Croker's intention to bring the so-called gold Democrats back to the fold by giving them places of power and honor in the organization. He and McLaughlin recognize that the Republicans will have a great advantage in the Majority campaign of next Fall. They are anxious to elect the first Mayor of the Greater New York, and in order to do this they are willing to do almost anything. The apparent determination of the Republican leaders to make the term of the Mayor of the enlarged city four instead of two years has somewhat frightened the Democratic politicians.

They reason that Thomas C. Platt believes the Republicans can carry the city next November, and is anxious to hold on to the patronage as long as possible. The various cities and towns that will comprise the Greater New York are naturally Democratic. The last two or three elections have gone against the party simply because it has been split in two and so far it has been impossible to put forward an issue on which the factions would unite.

Shepard a Compromising Candidate.

A well defined rumor has been in circulation for the past two days that McLaughlin was willing to make Edward M. Shepard, chairman of the Kings County Democratic General Committee, None of the persons interested will discuss the matter, but it has been learned from some of the Democratic friends that there has been considerable talk of this during the last week or two.

Shepard's associates are opposed to making any sort of a combination with the regular Democrats, as they say that McLaughlin simply wants to unite the party in order that he may have his share of the spoils that will fall to the victors in the next local contest. Shepard and McLaughlin have been at war, for some time, and the former's following has proved great enough to defeat the McLaughlin candidate for Mayor in two different campaigns.

Sensor Guy's statement in the caucus at Albany on Monday night that for the Democratic nomination of the Legislature to vote for Senator Hill for re-election would be "to reward the General who avoided the conflict with the General who avoided the conflict," was regarded yesterday as the keynote of the campaign that is to be waged by the opponents of Senator Hill against the latter's re-election. It is charged that the machine attempts to regain control of the machine in this State. These men, who came out for Bryan immediately after the Chicago convention of the party, later in their denunciations of Hill.

They say it was his duty, as the recognized leader of the party in this State, to make an open declaration in favor of the candidate of the national party, and the principles outlined in the platform. Or, if he had come to this decision, he should have stepped down and out, and identified himself with the gold Democrats or with the Republicans.

They further say that it was the duty of every Democrat to maintain the organization in this State in order that it might be prepared for future conflicts. The open support given by the opponents of Mr. Bryan to the principles in the St. Louis platform, it is charged, has weakened the cause of Democracy throughout the State, and the former leaders of the party have become discredited.

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